EAST SMOKY HILL METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 2 Arapahoe County, Colorado

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

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P.O. Box 631579 Highlands Ranch, CO 80163

> PHONE: 720.348.1086 Fax: 720.348.2920

Independent Auditor's Report

Board of Directors
East Smoky Hill Metropolitan District No. 2
Arapahoe County, Colorado

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of East Smoky Hill Metropolitan District No. 2 (District) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of East Smoky Hill Metropolitan District No. 2, as of December 31, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position and the budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibility of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, we

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether
 due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks.
 Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and
 disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of
 expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly,
 no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Management has not presented the management's discussion and analysis that governmental accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's financial statements as a whole. The supplementary information listed in the table of contents is presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the financial statements. The supplementary information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information as listed in the table of contents does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

SCHILLING & Company, INC.

Highlands Ranch, Colorado July 30, 2024



EAST SMOKY HILL METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 2 STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2023

	Governmental
	Activities
ASSETS	
Cash and Investments	\$ 1,058,472
Cash and Investments - Restricted	186,833
Accounts Receivable	4,802
Prepaid Insurance	10,442
Property Tax Receivable	849,682
Total Assets	2,110,231
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Cost of Refunding, Net	5,632
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	5,632
LIABILITIES	
Accounts Payable	13,094
Accrued Interest	2,470
Noncurrent Liabilities:	
Due Within One Year	485,000
Due in More Than One Year	1,491,000
Total Liabilities	1,991,564
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred Property Tax	849,682
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	849,682
NET POSITION	
Restricted for:	
Emergency Reserve	13,600
Debt Service	170,763
Net Position - Unrestricted	(909,746
Total Net Position	\$ (725,383

EAST SMOKY HILL METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 2 STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS	Expenses	Charges for Services	Program Revenues Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Net Revenues (Expenses) and Changes in Net Position Governmental Activities
Primary Government: Governmental Activities: General Government Interest on Long-Term Debt and Related Costs	\$ 391,795 58,863	\$ -	\$ - -	\$ - 	\$ (391,795) (58,863)
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 450,658	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	(450,658)
	GENERAL REVEN Property Taxes Specific Owners Interest Income Total Genera	ship Taxes	ransfers		1,131,623 74,162 102,717 1,308,502
	CHANGES IN NET	POSITION			857,844
	Net Position - Begir	nning of Year			(1,583,227)
	NET POSITION - E	ND OF YEAR			\$ (725,383)

EAST SMOKY HILL METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 2 BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2023

ASSETS		General	;	Debt Service	Go	Total vernmental Funds
Cash and Investments Cash and Investments - Restricted Accounts Receivable Prepaid Insurance Property Tax Receivable	\$	1,058,472 13,600 4,802 10,442 274,988	\$	173,233 - - 574,694	\$	1,058,472 186,833 4,802 10,442 849,682
Total Assets	\$	1,362,304	\$	747,927	\$	2,110,231
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES						
LIABILITIES Accounts Payable Total Liabilities	\$	13,094 13,094	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	13,094 13,094
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred Property Tax Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		274,988 274,988		574,694 574,694		849,682 849,682
FUND BALANCES Nonspendable: Prepaid Expense		10,442		-		10,442
Restricted for: Emergency Reserves Debt Service Assigned to:		13,000		173,233		13,000 173,233
Subsequent Year's Expenditures Unassigned Total Fund Balances		256,037 794,743 1,074,222		- 173,233		256,037 794,743 1,247,455
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances	\$	1,362,304	\$	747,927		
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:						
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Cost of Refunding, Net						5,632
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payin the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Accrued Interest Bonds Payable	yable	;				(2,470) (1,976,000)
Net Position of Governmental Activities					\$	(725,383)

EAST SMOKY HILL METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 2 STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

	 General	 Debt Service	Go	Total overnmental Funds
REVENUES				
Property Taxes	\$ 274,332	\$ 857,291	\$	1,131,623
Specific Ownership Taxes	74,162	-		74,162
Interest Income	84,207	18,510		102,717
Total Revenues	432,701	875,801		1,308,502
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
Accounting	31,342	-		31,342
Auditing	4,900	-		4,900
County Treasurer's Fee	4,125	12,859		16,984
Directors' Fees	2,300	-		2,300
District Management	27,632	-		27,632
Dues and Membership	717	-		717
Election	3,379	-		3,379
Engineering	9,450	-		9,450
Insurance	10,804	-		10,804
Snow Removal	1,260	-		1,260
Landscaping	37,077	-		37,077
Landscape Contract	38,160	-		38,160
Legal	12,056	-		12,056
Miscellaneous	4,218	-		4,218
Annual Flowers	23,750	-		23,750
Landscape - Trees	12,134	-		12,134
Paying Agent Fees	-	400		400
Payroll Taxes	284	_		284
Playground Improvements	158,172	-		158,172
Playground Maintenance	8,843	_		8,843
Irrigation Repairs	1,192	-		1,192
Debt Service:				
Bond Interest	_	44,640		44,640
Bond Principal	_	1,000,000		1,000,000
Total Expenditures	391,795	 1,057,899		1,449,694
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	40,906	(182,098)		(141,192)
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year	1,033,316	355,331		1,388,647
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$ 1,074,222	\$ 173,233	_\$_	1,247,455

EAST SMOKY HILL METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 2 RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds

\$ (141,192)

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of government funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position.

Bond Principal Payment

1,000,000

Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.

Accrued Interest Payable - Change in Liability Amortization of Cost of Bond Refunding 1,250 (2,214)

Changes in Net Position of Governmental Activities

\$ 857,844

EAST SMOKY HILL METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 2 GENERAL FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

REVENUES		Budget iginal and Final	Actual Amounts		Variance with Final Budget	
Property Taxes	\$	274,334	\$	274,332	\$	(2)
Specific Ownership Taxes	φ	67,898	φ	74,162	Ψ	(2) 6,264
Interest Income		20,000		84,207		64,207
Total Revenues	-	362,232		432,701		70,469
Total Nevellues		302,232		432,701		70,403
EXPENDITURES						
Accounting		30,000		31,342		(1,342)
Auditing		5,200		4,900		300
Contingency		15,305		-		15,305
County Treasurer's Fee		4,115		4,125		(10)
Directors' Fees		3,000		2,300		700
District Management		45,000		27,632		17,368
Dues and Membership		900		717		183
Election		3,500		3,379		121
Engineering		-		9,450		(9,450)
Insurance		11,500		10,804		696
Snow Removal		-		1,260		(1,260)
Landscaping		30,000		37,077		(7,077)
Landscape Contract		39,000		38,160		840
Legal		13,000		12,056		944
Miscellaneous		1,000		4,218		(3,218)
Annual Flowers		24,000		23,750		250
Landscape - Trees		17,250		12,134		5,116
Landscape Maintenance - Medians		12,000		-		12,000
Payroll Taxes		230		284		(54)
Repairs and Maintenance		15,000		-		15,000 [°]
Playground Improvements		300,000		158,172		141,828
Playground Maintenance		30,000		8,843		21,157
Irrigation Repairs		15,000		1,192		13,808
Park Improvements		10,000		-		10,000
Total Expenditures		625,000		391,795		233,205
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(262,768)		40,906		303,674
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year		965,189		1,033,316		68,127
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$	702,421	\$	1,074,222	\$	371,801

NOTE 1 DEFINITION OF REPORTING ENTITY

East Smoky Hill Metropolitan District No. 2 (the District), a quasi-municipal corporation and political subdivision of the state of Colorado, was organized by order and decree on November 23, 1994, and is governed pursuant to provisions of the Colorado Special District Act (Title 32, Article 1, Colorado Revised Statutes). The District's service area is located in Arapahoe County, Colorado. The District was established primarily to provide for the financing of the acquisition, construction, completion, installation, and/or operation of street improvements, water, sanitation, safety protection, park and recreation, and transportation services. The District has conveyed all facilities and improvements to Arapahoe County, East Cherry Creek Valley Water and Sanitation District, Arapahoe Park and Recreation District, or other entities for maintenance and operation after completion of construction.

The District follows the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) accounting pronouncements which provide guidance for determining which governmental activities, organizations and functions should be included within the financial reporting entity. GASB pronouncements set forth the financial accountability of a governmental organization's elected governing body as the basic criterion for including a possible component governmental organization in a primary government's legal entity. Financial accountability includes, but is not limited to, appointment of a voting majority of the organization's governing body, ability to impose its will on the organization, a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits or burdens and fiscal dependency.

The District has no employees, and all operations and administrative functions are contracted.

The District is not financially accountable for any other organization, nor is the District a component unit of any other primary governmental entity.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The more significant accounting policies of the District are described as follows:

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements include the statement of net position and the statement of activities. These financial statements include all of the activities of the District. The effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities are normally supported by property taxes and intergovernmental revenues.

The statement of net position reports all financial and capital resources of the District. The difference between the sum of assets and deferred outflows and the sum of liabilities and deferred inflows is reported as net position.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct and indirect expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues. Indirect expenses are not allocated.

Separate financial statements are provided for the governmental funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. The redemption of bonds is recorded as a reduction in liabilities.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. The major sources of revenue susceptible to accrual are property and specific ownership taxes, and interest income. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the District. Expenditures, other than interest on long-term obligations, are recorded when the liability is incurred or the long-term obligation is due.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Debt Service Fund accounts for the resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on long-term general obligation debt of the governmental funds.

Amounts reported as program revenues include: 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Budgets

In accordance with the Local Government Budget Law of Colorado, the District's Board of Directors holds public hearings in the fall each year to approve the budget and appropriate the funds for the ensuing year. The appropriation is at the total fund expenditures and other financing uses level and lapses at year-end. The District's Board of Directors can modify the budget by line item within the total appropriation without notification. The appropriation can only be modified upon completion of notification and publication requirements. The budget includes each fund on its basis of accounting unless otherwise indicated.

During the year the District amended the Debt Service Fund budget.

Pooled Cash and Investments

The District follows the practice of pooling cash and investments of all funds to maximize investment earnings. Except when required by trust or other agreements, all cash is deposited to and disbursed from a single bank account. Cash in excess of immediate operating requirements is pooled for deposit and investment flexibility. Investment earnings are allocated periodically to the participating funds based upon each fund's average equity balance in the total cash.

Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied by the District's Board of Directors. The levy is based on assessed valuations determined by the County Assessor generally as of January 1 of each year. The levy is normally set by December 15 by certification to the County Commissioners to put the tax lien on the individual properties as of January 1 of the following year. The County Treasurer collects the determined taxes during the ensuing calendar year. The taxes are payable by April or if in equal installments, at the taxpayer's election, in February and June. Delinquent taxpayers are notified in August and generally sales of the tax liens on delinquent properties are held in November or December. The County Treasurer remits the taxes collected monthly to the District.

Property taxes, net of estimated uncollectible taxes, are recorded initially as deferred inflow of resources in the year they are levied and measurable. The property tax revenues are recorded as revenue in the year they are available or collected.

Cost of Bond Refunding

In the government-wide financial statements, the deferred cost of bond refunding is being amortized using the interest method over the life of the new bonds. The amortization amount is a component of interest expense and the unamortized deferred cost is reflected as a deferred outflow of resources.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Deferred Inflows/Outflow of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position reports a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until that time. The District has one item that qualifies for reporting in this category. Accordingly, the item, costs of bond refunding, is deferred and recognized as an outflow of resources in the period that the amount is incurred.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District has one item that qualifies for reporting in this category. Accordingly, the item, deferred property tax revenue, is deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amount becomes available.

Equity

Net Position

For government-wide presentation purposes when both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's practice to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Fund Balance

Fund balance for governmental funds should be reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which spending can occur. Governmental funds report up to five classifications of fund balance: nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned. Because circumstances differ among governments, not every government or every governmental fund will present all of these components. The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints:

Nonspendable Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance that cannot be spent because it is either not in spendable form (such as prepaid amounts or inventory) or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance that is constrained to being used for a specific purpose by external parties (such as bondholders), constitutional provisions, or enabling legislation.

Committed Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority, the Board of Directors. The constraint may be removed or changed only through formal action of the Board of Directors.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Equity (Continued)

Fund Balance (Continued)

Assigned Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance that is constrained by the government's intent to be used for specific purposes, but is neither restricted nor committed. Intent is expressed by the Board of Directors to be used for a specific purpose. Constraints imposed on the use of assigned amounts are more easily removed or modified than those imposed on amounts that are classified as committed.

Unassigned Fund Balance – The residual portion of fund balance that does not meet any of the criteria described above.

If more than one classification of fund balance is available for use when an expenditure is incurred, it is the District's practice to use the most restrictive classification first.

NOTE 3 CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Cash and investments as of December 31, 2023 are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Statement of Net Position:

Cash and Investments	\$ 1,058,472
Cash and Investments - Restricted	186,833
Total Cash and Investments	\$ 1,245,305

Cash and investments as of December 31, 2023 consist of the following:

Deposits with Financial Institutions	\$ 12,077
Investments	1,233,228
Total Cash and Investments	\$ 1,245,305

Deposits with Financial Institutions

The Colorado Public Deposit Protection Act (PDPA) requires that all units of local government deposit cash in eligible public depositories. Eligibility is determined by state regulators. Amounts on deposit in excess of federal insurance levels must be collateralized. The eligible collateral is determined by the PDPA. PDPA allows the institution to create a single collateral pool for all public funds. The pool for all the uninsured public deposits as a group is to be maintained by another institution or held in trust. The market value of the collateral must be at least 102% of the aggregate uninsured deposits.

The State Commissioners for banks and financial services are required by statute to monitor the naming of eligible depositories and reporting of the uninsured deposits and assets maintained in the collateral pools.

NOTE 3 CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Deposits with Financial Institutions (Continued)

At December 31, 2023, the District's cash deposits had a bank balance of \$12,077 and a carrying balance of \$12,077.

Investments

The District has not adopted a formal investment policy; however, the District follows state statutes regarding investments.

The District generally limits its concentration of investments to those noted with an asterisk (*) below, which are believed to have minimal credit risk, minimal interest rate risk, and no foreign currency risk. Additionally, the District is not subject to concentration risk or investment custodial risk disclosure requirements for investments that are in the possession of another party.

Colorado revised statutes limit investment maturities to five years or less unless formally approved by the Board of Directors. Such actions are generally associated with a debt service reserve or sinking fund requirements.

Colorado statutes specify investment instruments meeting defined rating and risk criteria in which local governments may invest which include:

- . Obligations of the United States, certain U.S. government agency securities, and securities of the World Bank
- . General obligation and revenue bonds of U.S. local government entities
- . Certain certificates of participation
- . Certain securities lending agreements
- . Bankers' acceptances of certain banks
- . Commercial paper
- Written repurchase agreements and certain reverse repurchase agreements collateralized by certain authorized securities
- . Certain money market funds
- . Guaranteed investment contracts
- * Local government investment pools

As of December 31, 2023, the District had the following investments:

Investment	Maturity	 Amount
Colorado Local Government Liquid Asset	Weighted-Average	
Trust (COLOTRUST)	Under 60 Days	\$ 1,233,228
		\$ 1,233,228

NOTE 3 CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

COLOTRUST

The District invested in the Colorado Local Government Liquid Asset Trust (COLOTRUST) (the Trust), an investment vehicle established for local government entities in Colorado to pool surplus funds. The State Securities Commissioner administers and enforces all State statutes governing the Trust. The Trust currently offers three portfolios – COLOTRUST PRIME, COLOTRUST PLUS+, and COLOTRUST EDGE.

COLOTRUST PRIME and COLOTRUST PLUS+, which operate similarly to a money market fund and each share is equal in value to \$1.00, offer daily liquidity. Both portfolios may invest in U.S. Treasury securities and repurchase agreements collateralized by U.S. Treasury securities. COLOTRUST PLUS+ may also invest in certain obligations of U.S. government agencies, highest rated commercial paper, and any security allowed under CRS 24-75-601.

COLOTRUST EDGE, a variable Net Asset Value (NAV) Local Government Investment Pool, offers weekly liquidity and is managed to approximate a \$10.00 transactional share price. COLOTRUST EDGE may invest in securities authorized by CRS 24-75-601, including U.S. Treasury securities, repurchase agreements collateralized by U.S. Treasury securities, certain obligations of U.S. government agencies, highest rated commercial paper, and any security allowed under CRS 24-75-601.

A designated custodial bank serves as custodian for the Trust's portfolios pursuant to a custodian agreement. The custodian acts as safekeeping agent for the Trust's investment portfolios and provides services as the depository in connection with direct investments and withdrawals. The custodian's internal records segregate investments owned by the Trust. COLOTRUST PRIME and COLOTRUST PLUS+ are rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's. COLOTRUST EDGE is rated AAAf/S1 by Fitch Ratings. COLOTRUST records its investments at fair value and the District records its investment in COLOTRUST at net asset value as determined by fair value. There are no unfunded commitments, the redemption frequency is daily or weekly, and there is no redemption notice period.

NOTE 4 LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

The following is an analysis of changes in the District's long-term obligations for the year ended December 31, 2023:

	Balance at December 31, 2022	Additions	Reductions	Balance at December 31, 2023	Due Within One Year
Bonds Payable Genreal Obligation Bonds Series 2011 Subtotal Bonds Payable	\$ 2,976,000 2,976,000	\$ -	\$ 1,000,000 1,000,000	\$ 1,976,000 1,976,000	\$ 485,000 485,000
Total Long-Term Obligations	\$ 2,976,000	\$ -	\$ 1,000,000	\$ 1,976,000	\$ 485,000

NOTE 4 LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

The details of the District's long-term obligations are as follows:

General Obligation Bonds

\$3,456,000 General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2022, dated February 10, 2022. On February 10, 2022, the District issued \$3,456,000 in Series 2022 General Obligation Refunding Bonds with interest of 1.50%, consisting of bonds due through December 1, 2028. The Bonds are subject to optional redemption prior to maturity on any date at a redemption price equal to the par amount redeemed plus accrued interest thereon. Notice of any such optional redemption shall be given by the Bond Registrar to the registered owner of the Bonds at least 30 days prior to any such redemption. The bonds were issued to advance refund all of the District's General Obligation Bonds, Series 2011 and to pay for the costs of issuing the 2022 bonds. The District used \$550,000 of current funds towards the refunding of the Series 2011 bonds.

The refunding of the Series 2011 Bonds was undertaken to reduce the total debt service payments over the next 7 years by \$707,246 and resulted in an economic gain of \$119,503.

The bonds are secured by and payable from ad valorem property taxes to be levied on all taxable property in the District without limitation as to rate and in amounts sufficient, when combined with other legally available moneys of the District, if any, to pay the principal of and interest on the Series 2022 Bonds when due.

The District's long-term obligations will mature as follows:

<u>Year Ending December 31,</u>	<u>Principal</u>		Interest		 Total
2024	\$	485,000	\$	29,640	\$ 514,640
2025		492,000		22,365	514,365
2026		499,000	14,985		513,985
2027		500,000		7,500	 507,500
Total	\$	1,976,000	\$	74,490	\$ 2,050,490

Events of Default

The occurrence or existence of any one or more of the following events shall be an Event of Default:

- (a) The District fails to pay the principal and interest on the Bond when due;
- (b) The District defaults in the performance or observation of any of the covenants, agreements, or conditions on the part of the District and fails to remedy the same after notice: or
- (c) The District files a petition under the federal bankruptcy laws or other applicable bankruptcy laws seeking to adjust the obligation represented by the Bond.

The Series 2022 Bonds shall not be subject to acceleration upon an Event of Default, nor shall the District be subject to damages.

NOTE 4 LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

Authorized Debt

On November 8, 1994, the District's electors authorized the issuance of indebtedness in an amount of \$10,000,000 at an interest rate not to exceed 18% per annum. At December 31, 2023, the District had no authorized but unissued debt.

Per the Service Plan, the District is limited to issuing \$10,000,000 in debt. In addition, the maximum debt service mill levy for the District is 50 mills, as adjusted for changes in the ratio of actual value to assessed value of property within the District.

NOTE 5 NET POSITION

The District has net position consisting of two components – restricted and unrestricted.

The restricted component of net position consists of assets that are restricted for use either externally imposed by auditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The District had a restricted net position as of December 31, 2023 as follows:

Restricted Net Position:

Emergencies	\$ 13,600
Debt Service Reserve	170,763
Total Restricted Net Position	\$ 184,363

The District has a deficit in unrestricted net position. This deficit amount is a result of the District being responsible for the financing and repayment of bonds issued for the construction of public improvements which were conveyed to other governmental entities and which costs were removed from the District's financial records.

NOTE 6 AGREEMENTS

Saddle Rock Ridge HOA - License Agreement

On August 14, 2012, the District entered into a License Agreement with Saddle Rock Ridge Homeowners Association, Inc. (SRR HOA) (the Original License) granting the District a license to spend funds to make park improvements to property owned by SRR HOA located at the intersections of: (1) Lake Avenue and Lake Place, (2) Tibet Street and Belleview Place, and (3) Prentice Avenue and Valdai Street. The agreement expires on December 1, 2028.

On August 12, 2014, the District and SRR HOA amended the Original License (the Amended License) to allow the District to spend funds to make park improvements to additional property owned by SRR HOA located at the intersections of: (1) Valdai Court and Tempe Way, (2) Yakima Street and Lake Place, and (3) Versailles Street and Berry Avenue.

NOTE 6 AGREEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Saddle Rock Ridge HOA – License Agreement (Continued)

On October 25, 2016, the District and SRR HOA entered into the Second Amended and Restated License Agreement (the Second Amended License), which superseded and replaced the Original License and the Amended License. Pursuant to the Second Amended License, SRR HOA granted the District a license over certain defined property to maintain and improvement landscaping improvements thereon. That property includes the following property owned by SRR HOA: (1) Tract 6D, Block 3, Saddle Rock Ridge Filing No. 6, located at East Lake Place and East Lake Avenue, (2) Tract 5C, Block 5, Saddle Rock Ridge Filing No. 3, located between South Valdai court and South Tempe Way, (3) Tract 3V, Block 18, Saddle Rock Ridge Filing No. 3, located at South Yakima Street; (4) Tract D, Block 12, Saddle Rock Ridge Filing No. 1, located at South Versailles Street between South Versailles Way and South Wenatchee Street, (5) Tract DD, Block 8, Saddle Rock Ridge Filing No.1, located at South Valdai Street between East Prentice Avenue and East Progress Avenue, and (6) Tract L, Block 1, Saddle Rock Ridge Filing No. 1, located on the corner of East Belleview Avenue and South Tempe Street.

Saddle Rock Ridge HOA - Median Maintenance Agreement

On May 17, 2016, the District entered into a Median Maintenance Agreement with SRR HOA granting the District responsible for maintaining the medians located within the County right-of-way. The agreement terminates on December 31, 2115.

NOTE 7 RISK MANAGEMENT

Except as provided in the Colorado Governmental Immunity Act, as may be amended from time to time, the District may be exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; thefts of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors or omissions; injuries to employees; or acts of God.

The District is a member of the Colorado Special Districts Property and Liability Pool (the Pool). The Pool is an organization created by intergovernmental agreement to provide property, liability, public officials' liability, boiler and machinery and workers' compensation coverage to its members. Settled claims have not exceeded this coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The District pays annual premiums to the Pool for liability, public officials' liability, and workers' compensation coverage. In the event aggregated losses incurred by the Pool exceed amounts recoverable from reinsurance contracts and funds accumulated by the Pool, the Pool may require additional contributions from the Pool members. Any excess funds which the Pool determines are not needed for purposes of the Pool may be returned to the members pursuant to a distribution formula.

NOTE 8 TAX, SPENDING, AND DEBT LIMITATIONS

Article X, Section 20 of the Colorado Constitution, commonly known as the Taxpayer's Bill of Rights (TABOR), contains tax, spending, revenue, and debt limitations which apply to the state of Colorado and all local governments.

Spending and revenue limits are determined based on the prior year's Fiscal Year Spending adjusted for allowable increases based upon inflation and local growth. Fiscal Year Spending is generally defined as expenditures plus reserve increases with certain exceptions. Revenue in excess of the Fiscal Year Spending limit must be refunded unless the voters approve retention of such revenue.

TABOR requires local governments to establish Emergency Reserves. These reserves must be at least 3% of Fiscal Year Spending (excluding bonded debt service). Local governments are not allowed to use the emergency reserves to compensate for economic conditions, revenue shortfalls, or salary or benefit increases.

The District's management believes it is in compliance with the provisions of TABOR. However, TABOR is complex and subject to interpretation. Many of the provisions, including the interpretation of how to calculate Fiscal Year Spending limits will require judicial interpretation.

On November 8, 1994, a majority of the District's electors authorized the District to collect and spend or retain in reserve \$275,000 annually in taxes generated by the certification of an operating mill levy not to exceed 25 mills commencing in 1995 and all subsequent years without any limitations under TABOR.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

EAST SMOKY HILL METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 2 DEBT SERVICE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

	Budget Original		Budget Final		Actual Amounts		Variance with Final Budget	
REVENUES		9						
Property Taxes	\$	857,296	\$	857,296	\$	857,291	\$	(5)
Interest Income		1,000		1,000		18,510		17,510
Total Revenues		858,296		858,296		875,801		17,505
EXPENDITURES								
County Treasurer's Fee		12,859		12,859		12,859		-
Paying Agent Fees		2,500		400		400		-
Bond Interest		44,640		44,640		44,640		-
Bond Principal		478,000		1,000,000		1,000,000		-
Total Expenditures		537,999		1,057,899		1,057,899		-
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		320,297		(199,603)		(182,098)		17,505
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year		355,119		355,119		355,331		212
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$	675,416	\$	155,516	\$	173,233	\$	17,717

OTHER INFORMATION

EAST SMOKY HILL METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 2 SCHEDULE OF DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS TO MATURITY **DECEMBER 31, 2023**

\$3,456,000 General Obligation Refunding Bonds Interest Rate - 1.50% Series 2022 Dated February 10, 2022

Bonds/Loans and Interest Maturing in the Year Ending

Interest Payable June 1 and December 1
Principal Payable December 1

ne year ⊑nding		Principal Payable December 1							
December 31,	F	Principal		nterest		Total			
2024	\$	485,000	\$	29,640	\$	514,640			
2025		492,000		22,365		514,365			
2026		499,000		14,985		513,985			
2027		500,000		7,500		507,500			
Total	\$	1,976,000	\$	74,490	\$	2,050,490			

EAST SMOKY HILL METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 2 SCHEDULE OF ASSESSED VALUATION, MILL LEVY, AND PROPERTY TAXES COLLECTED DECEMBER 31, 2023

			Total Mills Levied			Total Prop	Percent		
Year Ended	Assessed	Percent	General	Debt					Collected
December 31,	Valuation	Change	Operations	Service		Levied		Collected	to Levied
2018/2019	\$ 57,739,028	0.04%	5.500	11.000	\$	952,695	\$	952,695	100.00 %
2019/2020	67,178,968	16.35%	7.000	9.500		1,108,453		1,108,428	100.00 %
2020/2021	67,552,972	0.56%	7.000	9.500		1,114,608		1,114,608	100.00 %
2021/2022	70,431,201	4.26%	3.904	12.596		1,162,115		1,162,111	100.00 %
2022/2023	68,583,644	-2.62%	4.000	12.500		1,131,630		1,131,623	100.00 %
Estimated for Year Ending									
December 31, 2024	\$ 86,122,249	25.6%	3.193	6.673	\$	849,682			